

Sealer ReNew

Version 1

SECTION 1 - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

1.1 Trade Name (as labeled): Sealer ReNew

Synonyms: N/A

CAS No: Substance

1.2 Product Use: High strength Deblushing Solvent/Cleaner

1.3 Company Name: SpecChem

Company Address: 1511 Baltimore Ave; Suite 600

Company Address Cont: Kansas City, MO 64108

Business Phone: (816) 968-5600

Website: www.specchemllc.com

1.4 Emergency Telephone Number: VelocityEHS1-(800)255-3924 (North America) +1-813-248-0585

(International) 1-300-954-583 (Australia) 0-800-591-6042 (Brazil) 400-120-0751 (China)

000-800-100-4086 (India) 800-099-0731 (Mexico)

Date of Last Revision: January 30, 2015
Date of Current Revision: July 1, 2018

SECTION 2 – HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

OSHA/HCS status: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the

substance or mixture: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

ACUTE TOXICITY: SKIN - Category 4

ACUTE TOXICITY: INHALATION - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

CARCINOGENICITY: INHALATION - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)

[Respiratory tract irritation] - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE):

INHALATION [ears] - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1



US DOT Symbols



EU and GHS Symbols

Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements: Flammable liquid and vapor.

Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.

Causes serious eye irritation.



Sealer ReNew

Version 1

Precautionary Statements:

Response Statements:

Storage Statements:

Disposal Statements:

Causes skin irritation.

Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled.
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
May cause respiratory irritation.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
(ears)

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only nonsparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention. Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.



Sealer ReNew

Version 1

SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous Ingredients	WT%	CAS No.
Xylenes, mixed isomers	60-100	1330-20-7
Ethylbenzene	10-30	100-41-4
Cumene	0.1-1	98-82-8

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to process variation. Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of First Aid Measures:

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper

and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue

to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and

> shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. If it is suspected that gas or vapor is still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be

dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth

resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing

such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Ingestion: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician.

Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to

fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight

clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: Causes serious eye irritation

Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.



Sealer ReNew

Version 1

Skin contact: Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Irritating to mouth, throat

and stomach.

Over-exposure signs/symptons

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary:

Notes to physician: If ingested, this material presents a significant aspiration and chemical

pneumonitis hazard. Induction of emesis is not recommended. Consider activated charcoal and/or gastric lavage. If patient is obtunded, protect the airway by cuffed endotracheal intubation or by placement of the

body in a Trendelenburg and left lateral decubitus position.

Specific treatments: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable

training. If it is suspected that gas or vapor is still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before

removing it, or wear gloves.

SECTION 5 – FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Specific hazards arising from the chemical:

Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Extinguishing media: Suitable extinguishing



Sealer ReNew

Version 1

Media: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

Media: Do not use water jet.

Hazardous thermal

decomposition products: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

Special protective actions

for fire-fighters: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of

the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed

containers cool.

Special protective

equipment for fire-fighters: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-

contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in

positive pressure mode.

SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES (STEPS FOR SPILLS)

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency

Personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable

training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency

Responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of

any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See

also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental

Precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil,

waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if

released in large quantities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small Spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof

tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose

of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.



Sealer ReNew

Version 1

Large Spill: Stop leak if wit

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling:

Protective measures:

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene:

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any

incompatibilities:

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Bulk Storage Conditions: Maintain all storage tanks in accordance with applicable regulations. Use necessary controls to monitor tank



Sealer ReNew

Version 1

inventories. Inspect all storage tanks on a periodic basis. Test tanks and associated piping for tightness. Maintain the automatic leak detection devices to assure proper working condition.

SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters: Occupational exposure limits

Ingredients	Exposure Limits	
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).	
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.	
	TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
Vulonos miyad isamara	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.	
Xylenes, mixed isomers	STEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes.	
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).	
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.	
	TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).	
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.	
Ethylbenzene	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).	
·	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.	
	TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	

Appropriate engineering Controls:

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental Exposure Controls:

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, vapor controls, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

.....'

<u>Individual protection measures</u> Hygiene measures:

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the

workstation location.

Eye/face protection: Safety glasses equipped with side shields are recommended as

minimum protection in industrial settings. If contact is possible,



Sealer ReNew

Version 1

the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: Splash goggles. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. chemical splash goggles. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin Protection Hand protection:

Body protection:

Chemical-resistant gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected

based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection

measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist

before handling this product.

Respiratory protection: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied-air respirator

complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties:

Appearance (Physical State and Color): Clear liquid

Odor: Sweet, pungent aromatic hydrocarbon.

Odor Threshold: No data available

pH: No data available

Melting/Freezing Point: -48°C (-54.4°F)

Boiling Point: 138°C (280.4°F)

Flash Point: Closed cup: 27°C (80.6°F)
Evaporation Rate: 0.8 (n-butyl acetate. = 1)
Flammability (Solid; Gas): Not applicable

Upper/Lower Flammability or Explosion Limits: Lower: 1%, Upper: 7%

Vapor Pressure (mm Hg @ 20°C (68° F): 0.93 kPa (7 mm Hg) [room temperature]

Vapor Density: 3.7 [Air = 1] Relative Density: 0.87

Specific Gravity: Estimated 31 @ 60 F

Solubility in Water: Very slightly soluble in the following materials: cold water.

Weight per Gallon: No data available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): No data available



Sealer ReNew

Version 1

Auto-Ignition Temperature: 432°C (809.6°F) **Decomposition Temperature:** No data available

Viscosity: No data available

9.2 Other Information: No data available

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity:Not expected to be Explosive, Self-Reactive, Self-Heating, or

an Organic Peroxide under US GHS Definition(s). Stable under conditions of normal storage and use.

10.2 Stability:
 10.3 Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:
 Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous

reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to Avoid: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not

pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to

accumulate in low or confined areas.

10.5 Incompatible Substances: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials.

10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous

decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGY INFORMATION

Information on Toxicological Effects:

Toxicity Data:

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Xylenes, mixed isomers	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Cat	9500 ppm	2 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6670 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	2119 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
_	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary: Xylenes, mixed isomers: Effects from Acute Exposure:

ORAL (LD50), Acute: 4,300 mg/kg [Rat].

INHALATION (LC50), Acute: 4,550 ppm for four hours [Rat].

DERMAL (LD50), Acute: 14,100 uL/kg [Rabbit].

Overexposure to xylene may cause upper respiratory tract irritation, headache, cyanosis, blood serum changes, CNS damage and narcosis. Effects may be increased by the use of alcoholic beverages. Evidence of liver and kidney impairment were reported inworkers recovering from a gross over-exposure.

Ethylbenzene: Effects from Acute Exposure: ORAL (LD50), Acute: 3,500 mg/kg [Rat]. DERMAL (LD50), Acute: 17,800 uL/kg [Rabbit].



Sealer ReNew

Version 1

INTRAPERITONEAL (LD50), Acute: 2,624 mg/kg [Rat].

Effects from Prolonged or Repeated Exposure:

Findings from a 2-year inhalation study in rodents conducted by NTP were as follows: Effects were observed only at the highest exposure level (750 ppm). At this level the incidence of renal tumors was elevated in male rats (tubular carcinomas) and female rats (tubular adenomas). Also, the incidence of tumors was elevated in male mice (alveolar and bronchiolar carcinomas) and female mice (hepatocellular carcinomas). IARC has classified ethyl benzene as "possibly carcinogenic to humans" (Group 2B). Studies in laboratory animals indicate some evidence of post-implantation deaths following high levels of maternal exposure. The relevance of these findings to humans is not clear at this time. Studies in laboratory animals indicate limited evidence of renal malformations, resorptions, and developmental delays following high levels of maternal exposure. The relevance of these findings to humans is not clear at this time. Studies in laboratory animals indicate some evidence of adverse effects on the liver, kidney, thyroid, and pituitary gland.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 microliters	-
Xylenes, mixed isomers	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 Percent	-
Ethylbenzene	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15 milligrams	-

Skin: No additional information.

Eyes: Xylenes, mixed isomers: When splashed in the eyes, xylene may cause burning pain,

conjuctivitis, corneal vacuolation, and keratitis.

Respiratory:

Sensitization

No additional information.

Skin: No additional information. Respiratory: No additional information.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: No additional information.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: No additional information.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Xylenes, mixed isomers	-	3	-
Ethylbenzene	-	2B	-

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: No additional information

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: No additional information Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of Exposure	Target Organ
Ethylbenzene	3	Not applicable	Respiratory tract irritation



Sealer ReNew

Version 1

Cumene	3	Not applicable	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

ſ	Name	Category	Route of Exposure	Target Organ
Γ	Ethylbenzene	2	Inhalation	ears

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely

Routes of exposure: Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Eye Contact: Causes serious eye irritation

Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Skin Contact: Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Irritating to mouth, throat, and

stomach

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye Contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering

redness

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Skin Contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation

redness

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

Potential chronic health effects

General: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if

inhaled.

Carcinogenicity: Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled. Risk of cancer depends on duration

and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity:
Teratogenicity:
Developmental effects:
No known significant effects or critical hazards.



Sealer ReNew

Version 1

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity:

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Xylenes, mixed isomers	Acute EC50 90 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8.5 ppm Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio – Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes Pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 15700 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 19000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 16940 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4600 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella Subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3600 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella Subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2930 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5200 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Americamysis Bahia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1000 μg/l Fresh water		96 hours

Conclusion/Summary: Not available

Persistence and Degradability

Conclusion/Summary: Not available

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/Ingredient	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Xylenes, mixed isomers	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low
Ethylbenzene	3.6	-	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc): Not available

Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards



Sealer ReNew

Version 1

SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste Treatment Methods: Waste disposal must be in accordance with

appropriate U.S. Federal, State, and local regulations, those of Australia, EU Member

States and Japan.

13.2 EU Waste Code: Not determined

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

14.1 U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) Shipping Regulations:

This product is classified (per 49 CFR 172.101) by the U.S. Department of Transportation, as follows.

UN Identification Number: UN1307

Proper Shipping Name:RQ, Xylenes, 3, UN 1307, PG II **Hazard Class Number and Description:**Class 3 – Flammable Liquid

Packing Group:

DOT Label(s) Required: Flammable Liquid

North American Emergency

Response Guidebook Number: 128

14.2 Environmental Hazards:

Marine Pollutant: The components of this product are not designated by

None

the Department of Transportation to be Marine Pollutants (49 CFR 172.101, Appendix B).

This product is considered as dangerous goods.

14.3 Special Precaution for User:

14.4 International Air Transport Association

Shipping Information (IATA):

14.5 International Maritime Organization

Shipping Information (IMO):

UN Identification Number: UN1307

Proper Shipping Name: Flammable Liquid

Hazard Class Number and Description: Class 3 – Flammable Liquids

Packing Group: II N/A

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

United States Regulations:

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Ethylbenzene; Toluene; Benzene

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Xylene

This material is classified as an oil under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) and the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (OPA). Discharges or spills which produce a visible sheen on waters of the United States, their adjoining shorelines, or into conduits leading to surface waters must be reported to the EPA's National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.

SARA 302/304



Sealer ReNew

Version 1

Composition/information on ingredients

SARA 304 RQ: Not applicable

SARA 311/312:

Classification: Fire Hazard

Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients:

Name	Fire Hazard	Sudden release	Reactive	Immediate (acute)	Delayed (chronic)
		of pressure		health hazard	health hazard
Xylenes, mixed isomers	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes
Ethylbenzene	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes
Cumene	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes

SARA 313

	Product Name	CAS Number	%
Form R – Reporting requirements	Xylenes, mixed isomers	1330-20-7	<90
	Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	<30
Supplier notification	Xylenes, mixed isomers	1330-20-7	<90
	Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	<30

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State Regulations

Massachusetts: The following components are listed: XYLENE

New York: The following components are listed: XYLENE (mixed)

New Jersey: The following components are listed: XYLENES; BENZENE, DIMETHYL

Pennsylvania: The following components are listed: BENZENE, DIMETHYL

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

WARNING: This product contains less than 1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth

defects or other reproductive harm.

Ingredient Name	%	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Ethylbenzene	<30	Yes	No	41 μg/day (ingestion) 54 μg/day (inhalation)	No
Cumene	<1	Yes	No	No	No
Toluene	<0.1	No	Yes	No	7000 μg/day (ingestion)
Benzene	<0.1	Yes	Yes	6.4 μg/day (ingestion) 13 μg/day (inhalation)	24 μg/day (ingestion) 49 μg/day (inhalation)
Naphthalene	<0.0001	Yes	No	Yes	No



Sealer ReNew

Version 1

International lists:

International lists: Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted.

China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory: All components are listed or exempted. **Korea inventory:** All components are listed or exempted.

Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): All components are listed or exempted. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or

exempted

Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted. **Taiwan inventory (CSNN):** All components are listed or exempted.

Canada inventory: All components are listed or exempted. EU Inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

WHMIS (Canada): Class B-2: Flammable Liquid

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (very toxic) Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effect (toxic)

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

Date of Printing: July 1, 2018

The information contained herein is believed to be accurate but is not warranted to be so. Data and calculations are based on information furnished by the manufacturer of the product and manufacturers of the components of the product. Users are advised to confirm in advance of the need that information is current, applicable and suited to the circumstances of use. This safety sheet cannot cover all possible situations which the user may experience during processing. Each aspect of your operation should be examined to determine if, or where, additional precautions may be necessary. All health and safety information contained in this bulletin should be provided to your employees or customers. SpecChem assumes no responsibility for injury to vendee or third party person proximately caused by the material if reasonable safety procedures are not adhered to as stipulated in the data sheet. Furthermore, SpecChem assumes no responsibility for injury caused by abnormal use of this material even if reasonable safety procedures are followed. Compliance with all applicable federal, state, and local laws and local regulations remains the responsibility of the user.

END OF SDS SHEET